TEST 10

I. Fill each gap with one correct word.

When it comes to determining your total health condition, physicians need various
data on(1) your body has enough, too much or too little(2).
And when it comes to establishing your mineral status especially levels of potentially
poisonous heavy metals (3) as lead, cadmium and mercury blood, urine
and tissue samples do not display cumulative levels. Instead, doctors may check your
hair condition to make a diagnosis. Minerals and metals are moved from the body into
hair in concentration approximately ten (4) higher than in blood or urine.
They are trapped and stored there. A close analysis of hair is assumed to reveal
(5) recent and long-term accumulations of harmful substances. To get
a hair sample is as (6) as pie. Just snip a spoonful or so close to the head
near the base of the neck. Hair specimens are later sent to laboratories(7)
analyses. There are numerous obstacles that doctors have to (8) into
consideration before forming the final evaluation. First of (9), hair dyes and
permanent waving can deceive the analyzing devices into false readings. Some
shampoos can leave zinc or selenium residues on the hair making the job more difficult
for the analysts (10) addition, different techniques of analysis are used in
different laboratories. This is why doctors can come (11) with varying
results while analyzing the same hair sample. On (12) of that, there are still
no standards of interpretation. Another drawback is the fact that hair analysis can be
deceptive. Certain minerals showing high level of accumulation in the hair can actually
be deficient in the body. Therefore, hair analysis can only be performed by doctors
(13) thorough experience. There are numerous possibilities that hair
analysis creates but its effectiveness still needs to (14) proven. So far
doctors who claim to be able to determine your nutritional profile from the hair test do
(15) but pull wool over your eyes.

II. Find one unnecessary word in some of the lines of the following text.

Guests at the Waldhouse Am See in St. Moritz bring more than	(1)
baggage to the 36-room hotel. With manager Joseph Bernardini's	(2)
encouragement, each week in a summer they collect loads of trash	(3)

which they have been found in the Swiss mountains. The visitor who	(4)
brings in the most litter will gets room and board for a week, on the	(5)
house. The record, by so far, is 19 kilograms, mostly cans, gathered by	(6)
two Swiss women on vacation in last July. "They said they worked so	(7)
hard that they were going to be need another holiday." Bernardini	(8)
laughs. The hotel's campaign is meant to encourage visitors to protect	(9)
the Alpine environment. But both the hotel manager and tourists know	(10)
that responsible or "soft" tourism requires with more than picking up	(11)
litter. Successful ecotourists must start with careful planning finding	(12)
leisure activities and means of transportation that go easy on the fragile	(13)
environment. One of approach to soft tourism is scheduling a trip	(14)
between seasons. Making holiday schedules helps in reduce noisy	(15)
traffic that tops the list of environmental concerns. An another way of	(16)
reducing the harmful impact is by being taking public transportation	(17)
whenever it possible. Tourists who bring their own cars should try to	(18)
leave them in the garage and ride shuttle buses for local travel. The	(19)
environmental ethic should to continue inside the hotel. Responsible	(20)
tourists ought to reduce their own demand for energy by switching off	(21)
unnecessary light, turning down heat and possibly separating recyclable	(22)
materials from a trash.	(23)
III. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.	
1. Isn't it about time you (have) a rest? You	
(look) tired. You (dig) the garden for about four hours	now.
2. It is predicted that by 2050 people (set) foot on Mars	and
(get) ready / start) (get) ready	
(Colonize) the planet.	
3. Tom regrets (not ask) his father for advice. If only he	
(tell) him about everything, he (ki	now) how
(act) in that difficult situation.	
4. Yesterday I (put) these files on the desk in my office.	However,
they (disappear) and I have no idea where	
(look) for them. Someone must (take) them by mista	ke.
5. It was about ten p.m. when the scouts (reach) their d	estination.
They (walk) for more than twelve hours.	
6. You should (avoid) (walk) in high	grass.
In case you (bite) by a snake, make a serum injection	າ to yourself.

7. In 1978, the man (charge) with fraud. He	
(spend) four years in prison before he (release) in 1982.	
8. 'Who (lead) the conference tomorrow?' 'Mr Hanks, our	
department manager, (agree) (stand) in for	
Mr Hewitt while he's on sick leave.'	
9. We (have) the windows in the sitting room insulated recently but i (keep) (blow) cold from outside.	t
10. As soon as the pond (clean) and (fill) with	
fresh water, we (put) goldfish in it.	
11. Although no official report (issue) as yet, the American runner	
(believe) (win) the race by a hair's breadth.	
12. Not till last week (we / know) that our daughter-in-law was	
pregnant. Imagine our happiness when we (learn) we	
(be) grandparents.	
13. None of the miners (manage) (escape)	
before the wall of coal went down. Some of them (still / look) for be	ν
special emergency units.	•
14. Provided that the rain (ease) off soon, we	
(take) advantage of the possibility (climb) to the very top of the mountain.	
15. It was kind of you (let) us know about all the changes in the tax la	١٨/
If we (not know) about them we (make)	•••
mistakes in our tax declarations.	
IV. Paraphrase the following sentences.	
1. The concert wouldn't have taken place without our sponsors' support. (for)	
lf	
2. Although I respect you very much, I do think you're wrong in this case.	
Much	
3. 'Don't walk far from the headquarters.' he ordered us.	
We	
4. Whoever you talk to, don't keep your hands in your pockets.	
No matter	
5. Rafael Gaudy was one of our tutors. (ours)	
6. It was most irresponsible of the officer to have kept a loaded gun in his drawer.	
To	

He hid
8. Shouldn't the children be going out to school now? (high time)
9. I hate the way you are trying to hide the whole truth from me. (wool)
10. It's unlikely that it was Ginger who left the message. (can't)
lt
V. Put the words in brackets in the correct form.
Because the evidence the police had provided was rather
(CONVINCE) the suspect wasn't charged with the murder.
2. I don't know Mr Tally too well. He's just an(ACQUAINT).
3. Rob is a (THOROUGH) spoilt child. He gets anything he wants.
4. The trousers I have bought are a bit too short. I will ask my tailor if he can (LONG) them for me.
5. Mr Ewan started moving his things to the former director's office on the
6. They have collected little information. The methods of research they used were rather
(EFFECT).
7. What amazed the fishermen was the (ABOUND) number of youn
tunas in their nets. Many more than any other fish.
8. Mr Sullivan was (INSIST) on checking the accounts one more time
even though we had already checked them three times.
9. The explorers' attempt at finding the secret passage was (FRUIT
Their maps must have been incorrect.
10. Judging by the poor condition of your cottage, its collapse is (AVOID
You'd better move out as soon as possible.
11. What we have heard may be just a gossip. Let's wait for an official
(CONFIRM) of the message.
12. The girls say Gina is hard to get on with. She is always so (ENVY
13. The (BURGLE) took place while the house owners were having
a barbecue in their garden.
14. To recognize his merits for the company, on his (RETIRE)
Mr Woods was presented with a golden watch.
15. I admit the silk scarf was so (RESIST) that I didn't think long before
buying it.

VI. Complete the phrasal verbs with the verbs in the correct form.

	break	come	cut	give	go	lay	let	put	set	tell	
1. Thi	s milk smell	ls sour. It'	s			. off.					
2. We	have had t	o		o	ur app	ointmer	nt off fo	r the s	econd t	ime thi	s mor
	ause docto										
	erything see		•	-		•				-	didn't
								•			
1. The	Browns' so	on is reall	y well-l	behaved	. They	never h	ave to				. him
5. Wh	at's		o	ff this sw	eet sm	ell? Is i	it the flo	wers?			
	arrived in [off at	t the brea	ak of da	awn and	d drove	for ab	out sev	en hou	ırs unt
7. Mo	re than two	hundred	worker	s were			c	off whe	n it turr	ned out	t the
fact	ory was ma	aking con	siderab	le losses	S.						
3. Due	e to the poli h Irag.	-						off	its diplo	matic	relatio
	've bought	nlenty of t	fireworl	ks We			tl	nem of	ff at mid	iniaht a	on Ne
	ar's Eve.	promity or .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							g	311 140
	Board will			off	f vour e	lectricit	v sunnl	v if voi	ı don't ı	nav hill	S
VII F	ill the gaps	with the	corre	ct colou	rs (sor	ne can	he use	d mor	e than	once)	
• • • • • •	m ano gapo			ot 0010u	•		DO 400	uo.	o unum	011007.	_
				green			white	e ye	llow		
										;	
1. l'm	in the	Tl	here's ı	no more	money	in my l	oank ac	count.			
2. We	didn't expe	ct Sally to	come	. She arr	rived ou	ut of the					
3. My	neighbour	was		with env	y when	he sav	v my br	and ne	w Volve	0.	
1. 'Ho	w's your he	alth, Mike	?' 'Tha	anks. I'm	in the		, (can't be	e better	.'	
5. The	re's heaps	of money	on my	bank ac	count.	I'm in t	he				
3. The	ir windows	are so di	rty. I as	sume th	ey clea	n them	once in	ı a		. moon	١.
7. l'm	afraid Tom	will see		whe	n you te	ell him y	you've s	cratch	ed his	car.	
3. Oui	· little son lil	kes to tell		lies	s. Reall	y harm	less on	es.			
	nald is the					-			av from	n him	

10. Collin's not shy. He's simply afraid of everything. He's so-bellied.